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	Attorneys for Plaintiff					
7	Tsann Kuen (Zhangzhou) Enterprise Co., Ltd.					
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT					
9		CT OF CALIFORNIA				
10		Case No.:				
	TSANN KUEN (ZHANGZHOU)	Case No.:				
11	ENTERPRISE CO., LTD., A CHINESE	COMPLAINT FOR PATENT				
12	LIMITED COMPANY,	INFRINGEMENT				
13	PLAINTIFF,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL				
14	VS.					
15	NINGBO GOLDEN AGE ELECTRIC					
16	CO. LTD, A CHINESE LIMITED					
	COMPANY, NINGBO ZHONGHAO					
17	ELECTRIC CO. LTD, A CHINESE LIMITED COMPANY, J.C. PENNEY					
18	CO., INC., A DELAWARE					
19	CORPORATION, AND DOES 1 – 10,					
20	INCLUSIVE					
	DEFENDANTS.					
21						
22						
23	Plaintiff Tsann Kuen (Zhangzhou)	Enterprise Co., Ltd. ("Plaintiff" or				
24	"Tsann Kuen") through its undersigned a	ttorneys, complains as follows:				
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- 1. Tsann Kuen is one of the largest manufacturers and sellers of household appliances. In 2014, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office issued to Tsann Kuen U.S. Patent No. 8,915,179 B2 for a "Muffin Baker" (the "179" Patent).
- 2. Defendant Ningbo Golden Age Electric Co. Ltd, a Chinese limited company ("Golden Age"), Ningbo Zhonghao Electric Co. Ltd, a Chinese limited company ("Zhonghao"), and J.C. Penney Co., Inc, a Delaware corporation ("J.C. Penney") (collectively "Defendants") have knowingly, blatantly and willfully misappropriated Tsann Kuen's intellectual property rights. Through the sales of its "Rotating Waffle Maker GH-825", Defendants are willfully infringing on Tsann Kuen's '179 patent.
- 3. By this action, Tsann Kuen seeks to put a stop to Defendants' unlawful conduct and obtain compensation for the violations that have occurred thus far.

JURISDICTION

- 1. This is an action for patent infringement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. Section 271. This Court have jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Sections 1440, 1331, 1338, 1367, 1391, 16 U.S.C.§§1116.
- 2. Tsann Kuen is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(c). Although Golden Age and Zhonghao do not reside in the United States, they are foreign companies that maybe sued in any judicial district.
- 3. Upon information and belief, Golden Age is a subsidiary or affiliate of Zhonghao. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Zhonghao, a parent or affiliate of Golden Age, because Golden Age and Zhonghao are in fact a single legal entity. Upon information and belief, Golden Age and Zhonghao

have unity of interest and ownership when both companies share the same contact information and are owned by the same owner.

- 4. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Golden Age and Zhonghao because, among other things, Defendant has a purposefully directed his infringing activities at this District and the litigation results from alleged injuries that arise out of or relate to those infringing activities. For instance, Golden Age and Zhonghao have purposefully directed toward this District when they placed the infringing products in the stream of commerce and economically benefit from the retail sale of the final product in this District. by selling and offering for sale infringing products in this judicial district.
- 5. Tsann Kuen is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. Section 1400(b) because Defendant J.C. Penney has committed, by itself or in concert with others, acts of patent infringement in this District. Upon information and belief Defendant J.C. Penney has a regular and established place of business within this district sufficient for venue to be proper. Upon information and belief, Defendant J.C. Penney continues to store its infringing products and distribute its infringing products from within this District and employs and/or contracts with individuals in this District to store and distribute its infringing products from this District. Upon information and belief, Defendant J.C. Penney has ongoing contractual relationships in this District, makes sales directed to this District, and derives benefits from the sales directed to this district.
- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant J.C. Penney because, among other things, Defendant J.C. Penney has a continuous, systematic, and substantial presence within this judicial district. For instance, by selling

and offering for sale infringing products in this judicial district, including but not limited to selling infringing products directly to consumers and/or retailers in this district and selling into the stream of commerce knowing such products would be sold in California and specifically this district. Further, Defendant J.C. Penney facilitates offers for sale of Infringing Products in this District. Defendant's acts form a substantial part of the events or omission giving rise to Tsann Kuen's claims.

PARTIES

- 7. Plaintiff is a company organized and existing under the laws of People's Republic of China, having a principal place of business at Tsann Kuen Industrial Park, Taiwanese Investment Zone, Zhangzhou, Fujian, 363107, People's Republic of China.
- 8. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that Defendant Golden Age, a Chinese limited liability company is a Chinese company organized under the laws of People's Republic of China, with a principal place of business located at No.18 Jinsheng Road Zhenxi Village, Langxia Street, Yuyao, Ningbo, China.
- 9. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that Defendant Zhonghao, a Chinese limited liability company is a Chinese company organized under the laws of China, with a principal place of business located at No.18 Jinsheng Road Zhenxi Village, Langxia Street, Yuyao, Ningbo, People's Republic of China. Attached as Exhibit 1 as true and correct copy of Chinese Business Registration to illustrate Golden Age and Zhonghao are owned by same owner and portray as a single legal entity.

- 10.Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that Defendant J.C. Penney, is a Delaware corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with a principal place of business located at 6501 Legacy Drive, Plano, Texas 75023.
- 11. The true names and capacities of other unidentified Defendants, currently sued as DOE Defendants 1- 10, are presently unknown to Plaintiff. Plaintiff will later seek leave of this Court to amend this Complaint accordingly, after reasonable discovery is conducted.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 12. Plaintiff have been engaged and is presently engaged in the design and distribution of household appliances. Plaintiff's products are sold throughout the United States and in many foreign countries including but not limited to the People's Republic of China, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Europe, and Canada.
- 13.On November 2, 2007, Tsann Kuen (China) Enterprise Co., Ltd. filed a U.S. patent application directed to its rotatable muffin baker. It issued as U.S. Patent 8,915,179 B2 (the "'179 Patent") on December 23, 2014 and is titled "Muffin Baker."
- 14.On or about May 2, 2017 the '179 Patent was assigned to Plaintiff. A true and correct copy of the '179 Patent and the Assignment is attached as Exhibit 2.

The '179 Patent at Issue

- 15. Tsann Kuen holds all interest in and title to the '179 Patent, including the right to sue for past and current damages relating to infringement.
- 16. Claim 1 of the '179 patent recites the following limitations:

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A waffle maker comprising:

a support provided with a pedestal, at least one support arm provided with a rotary device, and a first inosculating portion;

a main body connected to said rotary devices;

a collecting plate mounted on said support device and provided with a second inosculating portion used for connecting with said first inosculating portion when said main body is in a storage position,

wherein the normal line of said collecting plate is perpendicular to the normal line of said collecting plate is perpendicular to the normal line of said pedestal when the collecting plate is in the storage position,

wherein the said first inosculating portion is a groove, and said second inosculating portion is an edge of said collecting plate.

17. Claim 2 of the '179 Patent recites the following limitations:

The waffle according to claim 1, wherein said first inosculating portion is disposed in said at least one support arms.

18. Claim 3 of the '179 Patent recites the following limitations:

The waffle maker according to claim 1, wherein said main body further comprises:

an upper shell;

a lower shell;

an upper baking plate mounted on said upper shell,

a lower baking plate mounted on said lower shell,

wherein said upper baking plate and said lower baking plate can be separable from said upper shell and said lower shell; and

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a heating device, used for heating said upper baking plate and said lower baking plate.

- 19.Claim 4 of the '179 Patent recites the following limitations:

 The waffle maker according to claim 1, wherein the normal line of said collecting plate is horizontal and the normal line of said pedestal is vertical when the collecting plate is in the storage position.
- 20. The '179 Patent is valid and subsisting.

The Infringing Product

- 21.Defendants Golden Age and Zhonghao imported the "Rotating Waffle Maker GH-825" (See Exhibit 3) that is covered by claims 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the '179 Patent (the "Infringing Products"), without the consent or authorization of Plaintiff into the United States.
- 22.Defendants Golden Age and Zhonghao have sold and offered for sale the Infringing Products to J.C. Penney without the consent or authorization of Plaintiff.
- 23. Defendant J.C. Penney has sold and offered for sale in this District and elsewhere, and continue to sell and offer for sale of the Infringing Products in this District and elsewhere, without the consent or authorization of Plaintiff.
- 24. Defendant J.C. Penney sells and offers to sell the Infringing Products on their online retail store, "www.jcpenney.com".
- 25.Defendant J.C. Penney further sells and offers to sell the Infringing Products on its physical stores throughout the United States.
- 26.A true and correct copy of the Infringing Products listed on Defendants' "www.jcpenney.com" website is attached as Exhibit 4.

- 27. Among other things, Defendants sell and offer for sale products that infringe the '179 Patent through the www.jcpenney.com website.
- 28. Defendants make, use, sell, offer for sale and/or import into the United States the Infringing Products.
- 29. The Infringing Products are rotating waffle marker in place of a conventional waffle maker.
- 30. The Infringing Products comprise a support device that has a pedestal and two support arms provided that one support arm with a rotary device.
- 31. The Infringing Products comprise a main body provided with two separable baking plates, two shells attached to the baking plates, and a heating device.
- 32. The Infringing Products comprise a button of controlling temperature that is used to set the heating temperature.
- 33. The Infringing Products has a rotation limit device set up, which limits the rotation angle of the main body to be 180 degrees.
- 34. The Infringing Products comprise a hinge that allows the handle to be rotated relative to the hinge.
- 35. The Infringing Products comprise a collecting plate which could be mounted in two different positions.
- 36. The Infringing Products comprise two inserted structures which could mount a collecting plate in two different position.
- 37. The Infringing Products comprise a collecting plate that can be mounted horizontally on the pedestal which is indented and mounted vertically on both sides of the supporting device.

38. The Infringing Products comprise grooves on both sides of the supporting device to allows the collecting plate to slide into a position that is perpendicular to the base of the device.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Patent Infringement)

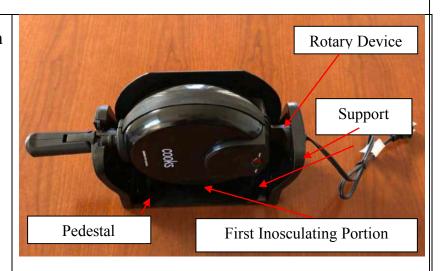
- 39. Plaintiff restates and incorporates by reference the allegations asserted in each of the preceding paragraphs, as though fully set forth herein.
- 40. Defendants, by themselves or in concert with others, have made, used, sold or offered to sell, and continue to make, use, sell or offer to sell, in this District and elsewhere in the United States, the Infringing Products which infringe the '179 Patent. The Infringing Products have no substantial, non-infringing use.
- 41.Defendants' "Rotating Waffle Maker GH-825" have infringed on claims 1, 2, 3 and 4 of the '179 patent in the following manner:

Claim 1: A waffle maker comprising:

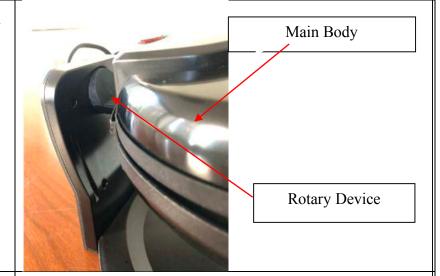




A support provided with a pedestal, at least one support arm provided with a rotary device, and a first inosculating portion



A main body connected to said rotary device;

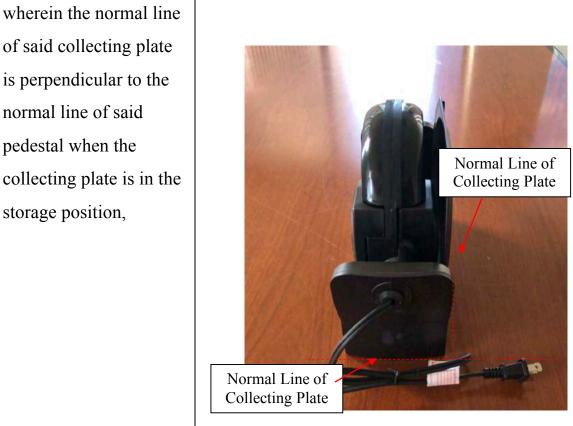


a collecting plate
mounted on said support
device and provided
with a second
inosculating portion
used for connecting
with said first
inosculating portion



Second inosculating portion

Collecting Plate



wherein the said first inosculating portion is a groove, and said second inosculating portion is an edge of said collecting plate.

when said main body is

in a storage position

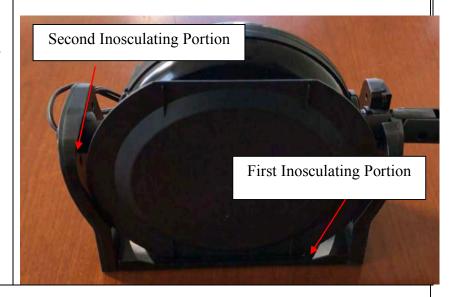
of said collecting plate

is perpendicular to the

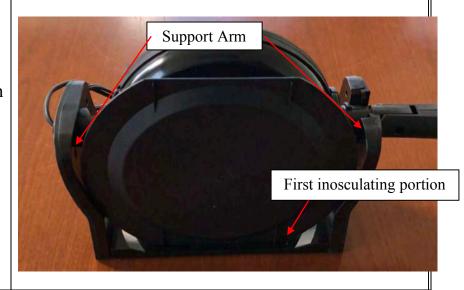
normal line of said

pedestal when the

storage position,



Claim 2: The waffle marker according to claim 1, wherein said first inosculating portion is disposed in said at least one support arms.

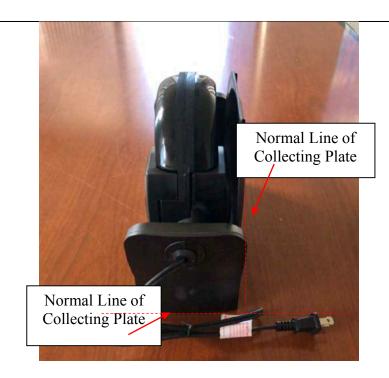


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Claim 3: The waffle maker according to claim 1, wherein said main body further comprises: an upper shell; a lower shell; an upper baking plate mounted on said upper shell, a lower baking plate mounted on said lower shell, wherein said upper baking plate and said lower baking plate can be separable from said upper shell and said lower shell; and a heating device, used for heating said upper baking plate and said lower baking plate.



Claim 4: The waffle maker according to claim 1, wherein the normal line of said collecting plate is horizontal and the normal line of said pedestal is vertical when the collecting plate is in the storage position.



- 42. The alleged infringing acts of Defendants are without right, license, or authorization from Plaintiff.
- 43.By their aforesaid acts, Defendants have infringed the '179 Patent entitling Plaintiff to relief pursuant to 35 U.S.C. Section 271.
- 44. Defendants have had actual or constructive notice of the existence of the '179 Patent and despite such notice have continued to engage in acts of infringement.
- 45. Defendants have gained profits by virtue of their infringement of the '179 Patent.
- 46. As a direct result of Defendants' acts complained of herein, Plaintiff have been actually damaged and irreparably harmed and Defendants have been unjustly enriched, to an extent not presently ascertained, which damage, harm and enrichment will continue until enjoined by order of this Court.

- 47.On information and belief, Defendants' infringement is and have been willful and Plaintiff is entitled to enhanced damages against Defendants.
- 48. This is an exceptional case and Plaintiff is entitled to an award of its attorneys' fees.

ADDITIONAL CAUSES OF ACTION RESERVED

- 49. Plaintiff restates and incorporates by reference its previous allegations as if fully set forth herein.
- 50.Plaintiff is continuing its investigation as to whether Defendants and certain affiliated entities and/or individuals are also infringing other intellectual property belonging to Plaintiff. Plaintiff reserves its right to amend its Complaint to add claims after the discovery on such issues.
- 51.Plaintiff also intends to seek discovery to ascertain the names of other entities and/or individuals that are affiliated and operate with Defendants in committing the wrongs alleged above. Plaintiff intends to amend its Complaint to add claims against these entities and/or individuals pending discovery on such issues.
- 52. Plaintiff also reserves the right to otherwise amend its Complaint and/or add parties, to the extent permitted by the Court's scheduling order and by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

53. Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial on all claims, damages, and any other issues presented herein that are trialable to a jury.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Tsann Kuen prays that the Court enter judgment against Defendants as follows:

- Adjudging and decreeing that Defendants have committed acts of patent infringement by their manufacture, use, sale, and offer for sale of the Infringing Products;
- 2. For a temporary and permanent injunction prohibiting Defendants and their officers, agents, servants, employees and attorneys, and other persons in active concert or participation with them, from further infringing the '179 Patent and requiring Defendants to deliver up to Plaintiff for destruction any and all Infringing Products in Defendants' possession, custody or control, along with any items of manufacture, the sole purpose of which is to manufacture such Infringing Product, as well as any promotional literature and packaging which displays or promotes such Infringing Product;
- 3. For patent infringement damages in an amount not less than a reasonable royalty, and for those damages to be trebled, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. Section 284 and/or lost profits;
- 4. For pre-judgment and post-judgment interest;
- 5. For judgment that the case is exceptional and an aware of reasonable attorneys' fees, expenses, expert fees and other costs incurred in this action under 35 U.S.C. § 285; and
- 6. For such other or further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

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m JS~44~(Rev.~06/17)}$ Case 2:18-cv-00488 Document 1-2 Filed 11/15/18 Page 1 of 1 PageID #: 29

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil decket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PACE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil de	ocket sneet. (SEE INSTRUC	TIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF TH					
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDANTS Huayu Electrical Appliance Group Co., Ltd. and Amazon.com, Inc.			
Tsann Kuen (Zhangzhou) Enterprise Co., Ltd.		Huayu Electrical A				
(b) County of Residence of (E.	of First Listed Plaintiff XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA	ISES)	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.				
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A	Address, and Telephone Numbe	r)	Attorneys (If Known)				
Korula T. Cherian, Ruyak Berkeley, CA 94702; (51	Cherian LLP, 1936 U		0,				
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	ICTION (Place an "X" in O	ne Box Only)	I. CITIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintif and One Box for Defendant)		
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	■ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government I	Not a Party)	P	TF DEF 1 1	PTF DEF incipal Place		
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh.)	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	1 2			
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	I 3 ☐ 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT		aly) ORTS	EODEELTUDE/DENIALTY	Click here for: Nature of BANKRUPTCY	of Suit Code Descriptions. OTHER STATUTES		
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	PERSONAL INJURY □ 310 Airplane □ 315 Airplane Product Liability □ 320 Assault, Libel &	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	FORFEITURE/PENALTY □ 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 □ 690 Other LABOR □ 710 Fair Labor Standards Act □ 720 Labor/Management Relations □ 740 Railway Labor Act □ 751 Family and Medical Leave Act □ 790 Other Labor Litigation □ 791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act IMMIGRATION □ 462 Naturalization Application □ 465 Other Immigration Actions	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights ★ 830 Patent □ 835 Patent - Abbreviated New Drug Application □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	□ 375 False Claims Act □ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC		
	moved from 3	Remanded from		erred from			
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	35 U.S.C. 8 271	use:	ling (Do not cite jurisdictional sta	tutes unless diversity):			
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND:	if demanded in complaint: ▼ Yes □ No		
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER			
DATE 11/15/2018 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		signature of attor /s/ Korula T. Cher					
	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUE	OGE		

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS MARSHALL DIVISION

TSANN KUEN (ZHANGZHOU) ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.

Plaintiff,

v.

HUAYU ELECTRICAL APPLIANCE GROUP CO., LTD., and AMAZON.COM, INC.,

Defendants.

Case No.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff, Tsann Kuen (Zhangzhou) Enterprise Co., Ltd. ("Tsann Kuen") brings this action under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code, and makes the following allegations against Huayu Electrical Appliance Group Co., Ltd. ("Huayu"), and Amazon.com, Inc. ("Amazon" or "Retailer," collectively "Defendants"):

THE PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Tsann Kuen is a Chinese company having a principal place of business at Tsann Kuen Industrial Park, Taiwanese Investment Zone, Zhangzhou, Fujian, China.
- 2. Upon information and belief, Defendant Huayu is a Chinese company headquartered at No. 168, North Ring Road, Zhouxiang Town, Cixi City, Zhejiang, China. Huayu may be served pursuant to the provisions of the Hague Service Convention.

- 3. Upon information and belief, Huayu manufactures, imports, sells and offers to sell the below accused products that are subsequently sold downstream by third-parties including Amazon.
- 4. Upon information and belief, Defendant Amazon is a Delaware corporation headquartered at 410 Terry Avenue North, Seattle, WA 98109. Upon information and belief, Amazon may be served with process via its registered agent: Corporation Service Company, 251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808. Upon information and belief, Amazon does business in Texas and in the Eastern District of Texas, directly or through intermediaries.
- 5. Upon information and belief, Defendant Amazon, by itself and/or through its subsidiaries, operates one or more "Fulfillment Centers" within this Judicial District. Amazon has a regular and established place of business in this Judicial District, including, e.g., distribution facilities, employees, and other business. For example, upon information and belief, Amazon has a distribution center located at 15201 Heritage Pkwy, Fort Worth in Denton County. Upon information and belief, Defendant and/or its subsidiaries employ individuals within this Judicial District responsible for the distribution of its products including those accused of infringement below.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 6. This is an action for patent infringement under the patent laws of the United States of America, 35 U.S.C. § 1, *et seq*.
- 7. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action including at least under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 8. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Huayu including at least because it, directly or through its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, or distributors, has sufficient minimum

contacts with the United States. On information and belief, Huayu meets the criteria of Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(k)(2).

- 9. In the alternative, Huayu has sufficient minimum contacts with the State of Texas for this court to exercise personal jurisdiction. On information and belief, Huayu transacts substantial business in the State of Texas, directly or through agents, including: (i) at least a portion of the infringement alleged herein, and (ii) regularly does or solicits business in Texas, engages in other persistent courses of conduct, purposefully avails itself of the privilege of doing business in Texas, and/or derives substantial revenue from services provided in Texas.
- 10. As set forth in *Brunette Machine Works v. Kockum Industries, Inc.*, 406 U.S. 706 (1972), venue is proper for Huayu in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b) at least because Huayu is a foreign entity.
- 11. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Amazon including at least because it, directly or through its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, or distributors, has sufficient minimum contacts with the State of Texas for this court to exercise personal jurisdiction. On information and belief, Amazon transacts substantial business in the State of Texas, directly or through agents, including: (i) at least a portion of the infringement alleged herein, and (ii) regularly does or solicits business in Texas, engages in other persistent courses of conduct, purposefully avails itself of the privilege of doing business in Texas, and/or derives substantial revenue from services provided in Texas.
 - 12. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1400(b).
- 13. Upon information and belief, Amazon operates distributions centers in this district including at least a distribution center located at 15201 Heritage Pkwy, Fort Worth, 76177 in Denton County.

- 14. Upon information and belief, Amazon's distribution centers in the district are regular and established physical places of business through which Amazon transacts business.
- 15. Upon information and belief, Amazon distributes products, including those accused of infringement in this case, to residents of the district who place orders through Amazon's website.
- 16. Upon information and belief, Amazon markets, sells, and delivers products, including the accused products, to customers in this district.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 17. Shuhui Chang is the sole inventor of U.S. Patent No. 8,915,179 ("'179 Patent" or "Asserted Patent") issued on December 23, 2014. This patent claims priority to a foreign patent application that issued as Chinese Patent No. 2006 1 0069596.6 (the "'596 Patent").
- 18. The claims of the Asserted Patent are directed toward a rotary waffle maker with a removable collecting plate that can be stored in a vertical position by fitting the edge of the collecting plate into a groove in the waffle maker support.
 - 19. The Asserted Patent was assigned to Tsann Kuen, the Plaintiff in this action.
- 20. Tsann Kuen manufactures waffle makers covered by the '179 Patent that have been imported into and sold in the United States since at least July 2007 under the brand names Bialetti, Bella, Oster, Cooks, and Black & Decker. These Tsann Kuen waffle makers include, for example, model numbers TSK-2126, TSK-2909, TSK-2901, and TSK-2904.
- 21. On information and belief, since at least 2016, Huayu has manufactured unlicensed competing waffle makers comprising all the elements of one or more claims of the '179 Patent.

- 22. In January 2018, a complaint was filed against Huayu in the Intermediate People's Court of Ningbo Municipality ("Chinese Action") asserting infringement of the '596 Patent through the manufacture of waffle makers in China.
- 23. On information and belief, Huayu was aware of the '596 Patent and the corresponding Asserted Patent since at least the Chinese Action.
- 24. On information and belief, since at least 2016, Huayu has manufactured waffle makers practicing the Asserted Patents for sale in the United States under brand names including Oster, including but not limited to product model numbers CKSTWFBF10W-TECO, CKSTWFBF10MR-TECO, CKSTWFBF10MR-ECO, CKSTWFBF10MR-ECO, and CKSTWFBF10W-ECO-WM ("Infringing Products"). On information and belief, Huayu since at least 2016 has made these products specifically for sale in the United States and at least has offered for sale, sold and imported the Infringing Products into the United States. On information and belief, Huayu has been aware that the Infringing Products infringe the Asserted Patent, since at least the filing of the Chinese Action.
- 25. On information and belief, Huayu has supplied and continues to supply the Infringing Products to third-parties ("Third-Party-Resellers") in the United States. On information and belief, since at least 2016 Huayu has offered to sell, sold, and/or imported the Infringing Products to Third-Party Resellers in the United States and in this district, which subsequently sold the Infringing Products in the United States to retailers including, for example, Amazon, Best Buy, Sears, Target, and Walmart. In addition, on information and belief, Huayu has taken these actions while being aware of the Asserted Patent with the knowledge that these products were to be imported into the United States, offered for sale, and sold within the United States including this judicial district.

- 26. On information and belief, Huayu has voluntarily and purposely placed the Infringing Products into the stream of commerce with the expectation that they would be offered for sale and sold in Texas and in this judicial district.
- 27. On information and belief, Amazon directly or through its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, or distributors, offers to sell and sells the Infringing Products through its website.
- 28. Defendants are properly joined in this action because (a) Plaintiff's claims herein are based on the same transaction(s), occurrence(s) or series of transactions or occurrences relating to Defendants' making, using, offering for sale, and selling of the accused products and processes; and (b) questions of fact common to all Defendants will arise in the action. For example, Huayu is the upstream seller of Infringing Products sold by the downstream Retailer.

COUNT I

(Infringement of the '179 Patent)

- 29. Tsann Kuen repeats and re-alleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-28 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 30. The '179 Patent entitled "Muffin Baker" was duly and legally issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on December 23, 2014 from Application No. 12/668,909 claiming priority to Patent Cooperation Treaty application PCT/CN2007/003113 filed on November 2, 2007, based on Chinese application 2006 1 0069596 filed on November 3, 2006, which issued as the '596 Patent. A true and accurate copy of the '179 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 31. Each and every claim of the '179 Patent is valid and enforceable, and each enjoys a statutory presumption of validity under 35 U.S.C. § 282.
- 32. Tsann Kuen exclusively owns all rights, title, and interest in and to the '179 Patent and possesses the exclusive right of recovery, including the exclusive right to recover for past infringement.

33. Claim 1 of the '179 Patent recites:

Claim 1. A waffle maker comprising:

- a support provided with a pedestal, at least one support arm provided with a rotary device, and a first inosculating portion;
- a main body connected to said rotary device;
- a collecting plate mounted on said support device and provided with a second inosculating portion used for connecting with said first inosculating portion when said main body is in a storage position;
- wherein the normal line of said collecting plate is perpendicular to the normal line of said pedestal when the collecting plate is in the storage position;
- wherein said first inosculating portion is a groove, and said second inosculating portion is an edge of said collecting plate.
- 34. The Infringing Products, such as the exemplary Oster Flip Waffle Maker model number CKSTWFBF10MR-TECO ("Oster Flip Waffle Maker") sold by Amazon, are waffle makers that infringe one or more claims of the '179 Patent, including, for example, claim 1. The Infringing Products comprise a support provided with a pedestal with at least one support arm provided with a rotary device. The Infringing Products also include a main body connected to said rotary device. In addition, the Infringing Products include a collecting plate mounted on said supporting device.
- 35. Consistent with disclosed advantages of the '179 Patent, the Infringing Products are designed for compact storage. Specifically, they include a first inosculating portion which is a groove and a second inosculating portion, which is the edge of the collecting plate. For example, the Oster Flip Waffle Maker has a groove located on the pedestal of the support. When the Infringing Products are in the storage position, the edge of the collecting plate is set in the groove with the normal line of the collecting plate perpendicular to the normal line of said pedestal.
- 36. The Infringing Products practice all the elements of at least claim 1 of the Asserted Patent.

- 37. Upon information and belief Huayu has had actual notice of the '179 Patent since at least the filing of the Chinese Action on January 3, 2018 and this lawsuit, that the Infringing Products would infringe at least claim 1 of the '179 Patent.
- 38. On information and belief, Huayu has been and is now directly infringing, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, one or more claims, including at least claim 1 of the '179 Patent, by importing, selling, and/or offering to sell the Infringing Products in the United States under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a).
- 39. Amazon is now directly infringing, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, one or more claims, including at least claim 1 of the '179 Patent, by selling and/or offering to sell the Infringing Products in the United States under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a).
- 40. As described in paragraphs 22 to 26, Huayu was aware of the Asserted Patent since at least the Chinese Action and knew that the Infringing Products would be imported into the United States where they were to be used, sold or offered for sale. On information and belief, Huayu has been and is now indirectly infringing, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, one or more claims, including at least claim 1 of the '179 Patent, by inducing Third-Party Resellers to import, use, sell, and/or offer to sell the Infringing Products in the United States under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).
- 41. As a result of Defendants' infringement of the '179 Patent, Tsann Kuen has suffered and continues to suffer damages. Thus, Tsann Kuen is entitled to recover from Huayu the damages Tsann Kuen sustained as a result of Huayu's wrongful and infringing acts in an amount no less than its lost profits and/or a reasonable royalty, together with interest and costs fixed by this Court under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

- 42. Tsann Kuen has suffered damage because of the infringing activities of Defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, associates, partners, and other persons who are in active concert or participation therewith, and Tsann Kuen will continue to suffer irreparable harm for which there is no adequate remedy at law unless Defendants' infringing activities are preliminarily and permanently enjoined by this Court.
- 43. Huayu's infringement of the '179 Patent was, is, and continues to be deliberate and wilful because Huayu was and is on notice of the '179 Patent at least as early as January 3, 2018 due to the Chinese Action, yet it continued and continues to infringe the '179 Patent.
- 44. Amazon's continued infringement of the '179 Patent is deliberate and wilful because Amazon is on notice of the '179 Patent at least as of the filing of this complaint.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Tsann Kuen respectfully requests that this Court enter:

- A. A judgment that the Asserted Patent is valid and enforceable.
- B. A judgment in favor of Tsann Kuen that the Defendants have and are infringing the Asserted Patent;
- C. A judgment declaring Defendants' infringement to be willful.
- D. A judgment declaring that this case is exceptional within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285;
- E. A permanent injunction enjoining Defendants, their officers, directors, agents, servants, employees, associates, partners, and other persons who are in active concert or

participation with Defendants, from infringing the Asserted Patent and/or such other

equitable relief the Court determines is warranted in this case;

F. A judgment and order requiring the Defendants to pay to Tsann Kuen its damages,

enhanced damages, costs, expenses, prejudgment and post-judgment interest, and

attorneys' fees, if applicable, for the Defendants' infringement of the Asserted Patent

as provided under 35 U.S.C. §284 and/or §285, and an accounting of ongoing post-

judgment infringement; and

G. Any and all other relief, at law or in equity that this Court deems just or proper.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Tsann Kuen hereby

demands a trial by jury of all issues so triable.

Dated: November 15, 2018 Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Korula T. Cherian

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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

JS 44 (Rev. 06/17) Case 2:18-cv-00489 Document 1-2 Filed 11/15/18 Page 1 of 1 PageID #: 29

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of illitrating the civil d	ocket sheet. (SEE hv31k0C	TIONS ON NEXT FAGE OF T	тиз гоки.)					
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDANT	DEFENDANTS				
Tsann Kuen (Zhangzhou) Enterprise Co., Ltd.		Huayu Electrical Appliance Group Co., Ltd., Target Corporation and Target Brands, Inc.					
(b) County of Residence of	of First Listed Plaintiff		County of Residen	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant				
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES O	ONLY)			
			NOTE: IN LAND THE TRA	CONDEMNATION CASES, USE T CT OF LAND INVOLVED.	THE LOCATION OF			
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, 1	Address, and Telephone Numbe	er)	Attorneys (If Know	n)				
Korula T. Cherian, Ruyak Berkeley, CA 94702; (51		Iniversity Ave., Ste. 3	50,					
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	ICTION (Place an "X" in C	One Box Only)	II. CITIZENSHIP OF (For Diversity Cases Only		(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintij and One Box for Defendant)			
☐ 1 U.S. Government	S. Government A 3 Federal Question Plaintiff (U.S. Government Not a Party)			PTF DEF	PTF DEF			
Plaintiff			Citizen of This State	☐ 1 ☐ 1 Incorporated or Proof Business In T	•			
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	□ 2 □ 2 Incorporated and of Business In				
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	□ 3 □ 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6			
IV. NATURE OF SUIT					of Suit Code Descriptions.			
CONTRACT		ORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY		OTHER STATUTES			
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine	PERSONAL INJURY ☐ 310 Airplane	PERSONAL INJURY ☐ 365 Personal Injury -	☐ 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 88	☐ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 ☐ 423 Withdrawal	☐ 375 False Claims Act ☐ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC			
☐ 130 Miller Act	☐ 315 Airplane Product	Product Liability	☐ 690 Other	28 USC 157	3729(a))			
☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment☐	Liability ☐ 320 Assault, Libel &	☐ 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical		PROPERTY RIGHTS	☐ 400 State Reapportionment ☐ 410 Antitrust			
& Enforcement of Judgment	Slander	Personal Injury		☐ 820 Copyrights	☐ 430 Banks and Banking			
☐ 151 Medicare Act ☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted	☐ 330 Federal Employers' Liability	Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal		 ★ 830 Patent □ 835 Patent - Abbreviated 	☐ 450 Commerce ☐ 460 Deportation			
Student Loans	☐ 340 Marine	Injury Product		New Drug Application	470 Racketeer Influenced and			
(Excludes Veterans) ☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment	☐ 345 Marine Product Liability	Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY	LABOR	☐ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY	Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit			
of Veteran's Benefits	☐ 350 Motor Vehicle	370 Other Fraud	☐ 710 Fair Labor Standards	□ 861 HIA (1395ff)	☐ 490 Cable/Sat TV			
☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract	☐ 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	☐ 371 Truth in Lending ☐ 380 Other Personal	Act ☐ 720 Labor/Management	☐ 862 Black Lung (923) ☐ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))	☐ 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange			
☐ 195 Contract Product Liability ☐ 196 Franchise	☐ 360 Other Personal	Property Damage	Relations	☐ 864 SSID Title XVI	☐ 890 Other Statutory Actions ☐ 891 Agricultural Acts			
190 Francinse	Injury 362 Personal Injury -	☐ 385 Property Damage Product Liability	☐ 740 Railway Labor Act☐ 751 Family and Medical	□ 865 RSI (405(g))	☐ 893 Environmental Matters			
REAL PROPERTY	Medical Malpractice	PRISONER PETITIONS	Leave Act	EEDEDAL TAV CHITC	☐ 895 Freedom of Information			
☐ 210 Land Condemnation	CIVIL RIGHTS ☐ 440 Other Civil Rights	Habeas Corpus:	☐ 790 Other Labor Litigation☐ 791 Employee Retirement	FEDERAL TAX SUITS ☐ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff	Act ☐ 896 Arbitration			
☐ 220 Foreclosure	☐ 441 Voting	☐ 463 Alien Detainee	Income Security Act	or Defendant)	☐ 899 Administrative Procedure			
☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment☐ 240 Torts to Land☐	☐ 442 Employment ☐ 443 Housing/	☐ 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence		☐ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision			
245 Tort Product Liability	Accommodations	☐ 530 General	DAUCD ATTON		950 Constitutionality of			
☐ 290 All Other Real Property	☐ 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment	☐ 535 Death Penalty Other:	IMMIGRATION ☐ 462 Naturalization Application	ion	State Statutes			
	☐ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other	☐ 540 Mandamus & Other	☐ 465 Other Immigration					
	□ 448 Education	☐ 550 Civil Rights☐ 555 Prison Condition	Actions					
		☐ 560 Civil Detainee -						
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V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" i	n One Box Only)	•	•					
	moved from	Remanded from Appellate Court		sferred from				
VI CANGE OF ACTIV	35118 (8 271	atute under which you are f	filing (Do not cite jurisdictional s	00,				
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	Brief description of ca Patent Infringement							
VII. REQUESTED IN	☐ CHECK IF THIS	IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$	•	if demanded in complaint:			
COMPLAINT:	UNDER RULE 2	S, F.K.CV.P.		JURY DEMAND	: X Yes □ No			
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER 2:	18-cv-488			
DATE		SIGNATURE OF ATTO	RNEY OF RECORD					
11/15/2018 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		/s/ Korula T. Che	rian					
RECEIPT # Al	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUI	DGE			

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS MARSHALL DIVISION

TSANN KUEN (ZHANGZHOU) ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.

Plaintiff,

v.

HUAYU ELECTRICAL APPLIANCE GROUP CO., LTD., TARGET CORPORATION and TARGET BRANDS, INC.

Defendants.

Case No.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff, Tsann Kuen (Zhangzhou) Enterprise Co., Ltd. ("Tsann Kuen") brings this action under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code, and makes the following allegations against Huayu Electrical Appliance Group Co., Ltd. ("Huayu"), Target Corporation, and Target Brands, Inc. (collectively "Target" or "Retailer"):

THE PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Tsann Kuen is a Chinese company having a principal place of business at Tsann Kuen Industrial Park, Taiwanese Investment Zone, Zhangzhou, Fujian, China.
- 2. Upon information and belief, Defendant Huayu is a Chinese company headquartered at No. 168, North Ring Road, Zhouxiang Town, Cixi City, Zhejiang, China. Huayu may be served pursuant to the provisions of the Hague Service Convention.

- 3. Upon information and belief, Huayu manufactures, imports, sells and offers to sell the below accused products that are subsequently sold downstream by third-parties including Target.
- 4. Upon information and belief, Defendant Target Corporation is a Minnesota corporation headquartered at 1000 Nicollet Mall, Minneapolis, Minnesota. Upon information and belief, Target may be served with process via its registered agent: CT Corporation System, 1999 Bryan St., Ste. 900, Dallas, Texas, 75201.
- 5. Upon information and belief, Defendant Target Brands, Inc. is a Minnesota corporation headquartered at 1000 Nicollet Mall, Minneapolis, Minnesota. Upon information and belief, Target may be served with process via its registered agent: CT Corporation System, 1010 Dale St. N, St. Paul, MN, 55117-5603.
- 6. Upon information and belief, Target Brands, Inc. and Target Corporation own and operate Target stores in this district and throughout Texas, and sell accused products through the Target website (www.target.com) and Target stores.
 - 7. Huayu and Target will collectively be referred to as "Defendants."

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 8. This is an action for patent infringement under the patent laws of the United States of America, 35 U.S.C. § 1, *et seq*.
- 9. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action including at least under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 10. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Huayu including at least because it, directly or through its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, or distributors, has sufficient minimum

contacts with the United States. On information and belief, Huayu meets the criteria of Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(k)(2).

- 11. In the alternative, Huayu has sufficient minimum contacts with the State of Texas for this court to exercise personal jurisdiction. On information and belief, Huayu transacts substantial business in the State of Texas, directly or through agents, including: (i) at least a portion of the infringement alleged herein, and (ii) regularly does or solicits business in Texas, engages in other persistent courses of conduct, purposefully avails itself of the privilege of doing business in Texas, and/or derives substantial revenue from services provided in Texas.
- 12. As set forth in *Brunette Machine Works v. Kockum Industries, Inc.*, 406 U.S. 706 (1972), venue is proper for Huayu in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b) at least because Huayu is a foreign entity.
- 13. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Target including at least because it, directly or through its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, or distributors, has sufficient minimum contacts with the State of Texas for this court to exercise personal jurisdiction. On information and belief, Target transacts substantial business in the State of Texas, directly or through agents, including: (i) at least a portion of the infringement alleged herein, and (ii) regularly does or solicits business in Texas, engages in other persistent courses of conduct, purposefully avails itself of the privilege of doing business in Texas, and/or derives substantial revenue from services provided in Texas.
 - 14. Venue is proper for Target in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1400(b).
- 15. Upon information and belief, Target operates retail stores in this district including at 3092 N Eastman Rd, Longview, TX 75605-5093.

- 16. Upon information and belief, Target's retail stores in the district are regular and established physical places of business through which Target transacts business.
- 17. Upon information and belief, Target distributes products, including those accused of infringement in this case, to residents of the district who place orders through Target's website.
- 18. Upon information and belief, Target operates distribution centers in Denton and Tyler, including a distribution center located at 13786 County Road 433, Tyler, Texas 75706.
- 19. Upon information and belief, Target markets, sells, and delivers products, including the accused products, to customers in this district.
- 20. Upon information and belief, customers wishing to return accused products purchased through Target's website may do so at a Target store.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 21. Shuhui Chang is the sole inventor of U.S. Patent No. 8,915,179 ("'179 Patent" or "Asserted Patent") issued on December 23, 2014. This patent claims priority to a foreign patent application that issued as Chinese Patent No. 2006 1 0069596.6 (the "'596 Patent").
- 22. The claims of the Asserted Patent are directed toward a rotary waffle maker with a removable collecting plate that can be stored in a vertical position by fitting the edge of the collecting plate into a groove in the waffle maker support.
 - 23. The Asserted Patent was assigned to Tsann Kuen, the Plaintiff in this action.
- 24. Tsann Kuen manufactures waffle makers covered by the '179 Patent that have been imported into and sold in the United States since at least July 2007 under the brand names Bialetti, Bella, Oster, Cooks, and Black & Decker. These Tsann Kuen waffle makers include, for example, model numbers TSK-2126, TSK-2909, TSK-2901, and TSK-2904.

- 25. On information and belief, since at least 2016, Huayu has manufactured unlicensed competing waffle makers comprising all the elements of one or more claims of the '179 Patent.
- 26. In January 2018, a complaint was filed against Huayu in the Intermediate People's Court of Ningbo Municipality ("Chinese Action") asserting infringement of the '596 Patent through the manufacture of waffle makers in China.
- 27. On information and belief, Huayu was aware of the '596 Patent and the corresponding Asserted Patent since at least the Chinese Action.
- 28. On information and belief, since at least 2016, Huayu has manufactured waffle makers practicing the Asserted Patents for sale in the United States under brand names including Oster, including but not limited to product model numbers CKSTWFBF10W-TECO, CKSTWFBF10MR-TECO, CKSTWFBF10MR-ECO, CKSTWFBF10MR-ECO, and CKSTWFBF10W-ECO-WM ("Infringing Products"). On information and belief, Huayu since at least 2016 has made these products specifically for sale in the United States and at least has offered for sale, sold and imported the Infringing Products into the United States. On information and belief, Huayu has been aware that the Infringing Products infringe the Asserted Patent, since at least the filing of the Chinese Action.
- 29. On information and belief, Huayu has supplied and continues to supply the Infringing Products to third-parties ("Third-Party-Resellers") in the United States. On information and belief, since at least 2016 Huayu has offered to sell, sold, and/or imported the Infringing Products to Third-Party Resellers in the United States and in this district, which subsequently sold the Infringing Products in the United States to retailers including, for example, Amazon, Best Buy, Sears, Target, and Walmart. In addition, on information and belief, Huayu has taken these actions while being aware of the Asserted Patent with the knowledge that these products were to

be imported into the United States, offered for sale, and sold within the United States including this judicial district.

- 30. On information and belief, Huayu has voluntarily and purposely placed the Infringing Products into the stream of commerce with the expectation that they would be offered for sale and sold in Texas and in this judicial district.
- 31. On information and belief, Target directly or through its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, or distributors, offers to sell and sells the Infringing Products through its stores and website.
- 32. Defendants are properly joined in this action because (a) Plaintiff's claims herein are based on the same transaction(s), occurrence(s) or series of transactions or occurrences relating to Defendants' making, using, offering for sale, and selling of the accused products and processes; and (b) questions of fact common to all Defendants will arise in the action. For example, Huayu is the upstream seller of Infringing Products sold by the downstream Retailers.

COUNT I

(Infringement of the '179 Patent)

- 33. Tsann Kuen repeats and re-alleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 1-32 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 34. The '179 Patent entitled "Muffin Baker" was duly and legally issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on December 23, 2014 from Application No. 12/668,909 claiming priority to Patent Cooperation Treaty application PCT/CN2007/003113 filed on November 2, 2007, based on Chinese application 2006 1 0069596 filed on November 3, 2006, which issued as the '596 Patent. A true and accurate copy of the '179 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 35. Each and every claim of the '179 Patent is valid and enforceable, and each enjoys a statutory presumption of validity under 35 U.S.C. § 282.

- 36. Tsann Kuen exclusively owns all rights, title, and interest in and to the '179 Patent and possesses the exclusive right of recovery, including the exclusive right to recover for past infringement.
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Claim 1. A waffle maker comprising:

- a support provided with a pedestal, at least one support arm provided with a rotary device, and a first inosculating portion;
- a main body connected to said rotary device;
- a collecting plate mounted on said support device and provided with a second inosculating portion used for connecting with said first inosculating portion when said main body is in a storage position;
- wherein the normal line of said collecting plate is perpendicular to the normal line of said pedestal when the collecting plate is in the storage position;
- wherein said first inosculating portion is a groove, and said second inosculating portion is an edge of said collecting plate.
- 38. The Infringing Products, such as the exemplary Oster Flip Waffle Maker model number CKSTWFBF10MR-TECO ("Oster Flip Waffle Maker") sold by Target, are waffle makers that infringe one or more claims of the '179 Patent, including, for example, claim 1. The Infringing Products comprise a support provided with a pedestal with at least one support arm provided with a rotary device. The Infringing Products also include a main body connected to said rotary device. In addition, the Infringing Products include a collecting plate mounted on said supporting device.
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- 40. The Infringing Products practice all the elements of at least claim 1 of the Asserted Patent.
- 41. Upon information and belief Huayu has had actual notice of the '179 Patent since at least the filing of the Chinese Action on January 3, 2018 and this lawsuit, that the Infringing Products would infringe at least claim 1 of the '179 Patent.
- 42. On information and belief, Huayu has been and is now directly infringing, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, one or more claims, including at least claim 1 of the '179 Patent, by importing, selling, and/or offering to sell the Infringing Products in the United States under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a).
- 43. Target is now directly infringing, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, one or more claims, including at least claim 1 of the '179 Patent, by selling and/or offering to sell the Infringing Products in the United States under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a).
- 44. As described in paragraphs 26 to 30, Huayu was aware of the Asserted Patent since at least the Chinese Action and knew that the Infringing Products would be imported into the United States where they were to be used, sold or offered for sale. On information and belief, Huayu has been and is now indirectly infringing, literally and/or under the doctrine of equivalents, one or more claims, including at least claim 1 of the '179 Patent, by inducing Third-Party Resellers to import, use, sell, and/or offer to sell the Infringing Products in the United States under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b).
- 45. As a result of Defendants' infringement of the '179 Patent, Tsann Kuen has suffered and continues to suffer damages. Thus, Tsann Kuen is entitled to recover from Huayu the damages Tsann Kuen sustained as a result of Huayu's wrongful and infringing acts in an amount no less

than its lost profits and/or a reasonable royalty, together with interest and costs fixed by this Court under 35 U.S.C. § 284.

- 46. Tsann Kuen has suffered damage because of the infringing activities of Defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, associates, partners, and other persons who are in active concert or participation therewith, and Tsann Kuen will continue to suffer irreparable harm for which there is no adequate remedy at law unless Defendants' infringing activities are preliminarily and permanently enjoined by this Court.
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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Tsann Kuen respectfully requests that this Court enter:

- A. A judgment that the Asserted Patent is valid and enforceable.
- B. A judgment in favor of Tsann Kuen that the Defendants have and are infringing the Asserted Patent;
- C. A judgment declaring Defendants' infringement to be willful.
- D. A judgment declaring that this case is exceptional within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. § 285;

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E. A permanent injunction enjoining Defendants, their officers, directors, agents, servants,

employees, associates, partners, and other persons who are in active concert or

participation with Defendants, from infringing the Asserted Patent and/or such other

equitable relief the Court determines is warranted in this case;

F. A judgment and order requiring the Defendants to pay to Tsann Kuen its damages,

enhanced damages, costs, expenses, prejudgment and post-judgment interest, and

attorneys' fees, if applicable, for the Defendants' infringement of the Asserted Patent

as provided under 35 U.S.C. §284 and/or §285, and an accounting of ongoing post-

judgment infringement; and

G. Any and all other relief, at law or in equity that this Court deems just or proper.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Tsann Kuen hereby

demands a trial by jury of all issues so triable.

Dated: November 15, 2018

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Korula T. Cherian

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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF